

Checklist 2: Charities set up and mainly funded by the non-charity

You can use this checklist to help you to test if your connection to a non-charity is set up and run in line with our <u>guidance for</u> <u>charities with a connection to a non-charity</u>. It is for charities mainly set up or funded by a non-charity. For example, you can use it if you are a foundation charity or if you are set up and funded by a government or local authority.

Using this checklist is optional and you can adapt it to meet your charity's needs. It is not a substitute for reading the <u>guidance for</u> <u>charities with a connection to a non-charity</u> and applying it to your charity's circumstances.

The other checklists published with the guidance may also be relevant to your charity if it:

- has one or more trading subsidiaries
- is in a regular partnership or funding relationship with a non-charity (that is not its subsidiary or founder)

You can tell us if you decided to use this checklist, and if it has been useful for your charity. We welcome all comments through our <u>anonymous feedback survey</u>.

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	Yes	Action to take	Target date	Comments
	No			
	N/A	f (h.e. e e e e e e e e e e e e		
		of the connection	must be to bel	a tha abarity to make
For all charities with a connection to a non- charity, the positive difference for its beneficiaries. The connection				
we have identified how the connection to the non-		e manageu in the ci	lanty 5 best int	616313.
charity helps our charity to make a positive difference				
to its beneficiaries				
• we know how the aims, interest and scope of our				
charity differ from those of the connected non-charity				
B. ;	Recogni	se the risks		
Read principle 1 of the guidance. Look at the list of ris				
ts connection to the non-charity. Decide how and whe	en you a	re going to address a	and review risk.	
 we have used the Commission's guidance and this 				
checklist to help us identify any risks to our charity				
from the connection with the non-charity				
we have assessed any risks that we have identified				
and set an appropriate plan to address and review				
them C. Do not fur	thor non	-charitable purposes		
Read principle 2 of the guidance. For charities set up				wing this principle is
argely about making sure that the connection does n				
beople connected with it, and that the rules about car				te the non-onanty e
		he non-charity		
any benefit to the non-charity from its connection to				
our charity is incidental. This means that the benefit is				
a necessary result or by-product of carrying out the				
charity's purposes.				

	Our activities								
•	if we make grants to a connected non-charity we								
0	ensure that we only give funding for activities, services								
Ŭ	or outcomes that will further our charity's purposes								
0	ensure that the grant doesn't result in more than								
Ŭ	incidental benefit								
0	carry out appropriate checks on the organisation to								
	test that it is genuine, suitable for our charity to work								
	with, and competent to carry out the funded work								
0	check that our charity's funds were actually used for								
	the purposes given								
•	if we fund, or receive funding from, the connected								
	non-charity to carry out campaigning or political								
	activities								
0	this is an effective way to further our charity's								
	purposes								
0	follows the legal rules which cover campaigning and								
	political activity								
•	if we fund, or receiving funding from, the connected								
	non-charity to produce research or other output in								
	furtherance of our charity's educational purpose we								
	ensure that the output created								
0	furthers our charity's purposes								
0	is educational in the charitable sense								
D.			dependently	a thic princip	lo ic lorgoly about				
	ead principle 3. For charities set up and mainly funded				ie is largely about				
	making sure that the charity doesn't exist for, or take forward the purposes of the non-charity.								
•	we have a choice about accepting funding from the								
	non-charity and any terms attached to it								
•	having agreed any funding and terms, we make our own decisions about our activities and who will benefit								
	from them								
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G. Protect your charity Read principle 6. For charities set up and mainly funded by the non-charity, following this principle is largely about being satisfied that the arrangements for working together and for any resource sharing are in the charity's best interests. The arrangements and agreements must protect the charity's assets, reputation and beneficiaries.								
When sharing resources (such as staff, premises or data) or communicating jointly with the connected non-charity, we:								
 identify and address the risks as well as the benefits of the sharing or joint work only agree payment arrangements which provide value for our charity's money have systems to control communication which is about our charity, or issued on its behalf do not renew sharing arrangements without considering our charity's best interests we have appropriate written agreements in place to protect our charity 								